Balance Sheet as at Mar 31, 2018

| | Notes | Un Audited Mar 31, 2018 Rs. | Un Audited March 31, 2017 Rs. |
|-------------------------------------|-------|---|-------------------------------------|
| A. Assets | | | |
| 1. Non-current assets | | | |
| Fixed assets | | | |
| (a) Property, plant and equipment | 4 | 477,850,617 | 402,810,729 |
| (b) Capital work-in-progress | 4 | 4,704,226 | 27,261,498 |
| (c) Other intangible assets | 5 | 9,978,443 | 12,982,018 |
| (d) Financial assets | 3 | 7,770,443 | 12,702,010 |
| (i) Loans | 6 | 797,205 | 862,000 |
| Sub-total of Non-current assets | | 493,330,491 | 443,916,245 |
| 2. Current assets | | | |
| (a) Inventories | | | |
| (b) Financial assets | | | |
| (i) Trade receivables | 7 | 287,524,546 | 168,469,653 |
| (ii) Cash and bank balances | 8 | 11,878,460 | 24,157,634 |
| (iii) Loans | 9 | 99,335,571 | 34,930,580 |
| (iv) Others | 10 | 41,104,629 | 7,165,569 |
| (c) Other current assets | 11 | , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | , , , <u>-</u> |
| Sub-total of Current assets | - | 439,843,206 | 234,723,436 |
| Total assets | | 933,173,697 | 678,639,681 |
| B. Equity and liabilities | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| (a) Equity share capital | 12 | 14,776,210 | 14,776,210 |
| (b) Other equity | 13 | (49,633,071) | (178,095,335) |
| (c) Non-controlling interests | , | | |
| Sub-total - Equity | | (34,856,861) | (163,319,125) |
| Liabilities | | | |
| 1. Non-current liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial liabilities | | | |
| (i) Long-term borrowings | 14 | 175,794,362 | 145,330,102 |
| (b) Provisions | 15 | 3,396,957 | 2,199,578 |
| (c) Deferred tax liability (net) | 16 | (7,704,379) | 2,050,861 |
| (d) Other non-current liabilities | 17 | 98,529,081 | 98,529,081 |
| Sub-total - Non-current liabilities | | 270,016,021 | 248,109,622 |
| 2. Current liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial habilities | | | . |
| (i) Trade payables | 18 | 612,493,638 | 542,323,396 |
| (ii) Other financial liabilities | 19 | 33,236,905 | 3,934,197 |
| (b) Other current liabilities | 20 | 52,283,994 | 47,591,591 |
| (c) Provisions | 21 | - | * |
| Sub-total of current liabilities | | 698,014,537 | 593,849,184 |
| Total equity and liabilities | = | 933,173,697 | 678,639,682 |
| | | | 0.58 |
| | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Subhash C. Gupta & Co.

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Six Vision Digital Media Private Limited

(Manoj Kumar)

Partner

M. No. FCA - 504435 Place : New Delhi

Date:

DIN: 07-197362

Samuel Arga

Director
DIN

08100962

Vijay Kalur

SITI VISION DIGITAL MEDIA PVT LTD., Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended Mar 31,2018

| · · | Notes | Un Auditeed Mar 31,2018 Rs. | Un Auditeed March 31, 2017 Rs. |
|---|----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Revenue | 140163 | 1/3. | 1/3. |
| Revenue from operations | 22 | 558,262,808 | 293,735,713 |
| Other income | 23 | 148 | 1,649,838 |
| Total revenue | | 558,262,957 | 295,385,551 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs | 24 | 258,933,384 | 211,467,272 |
| Employee benefits expense | 25 | 29,253,017 | 25,439,017 |
| Finance costs | 26 | 10,059,386 | 521,813 |
| Depreciation and amortisation expenses | 27 | 103,960,897 | 81,356,543 |
| Other expenses | 28 | 36,734,674 | 25,675,246 |
| Total expenses | | 438,941,357 | 344,459,891 |
| Loss before prior period expenses | | 119,321,599 | (49,074,340) |
| Prior period expenses | | | - |
| Loss before Tax | | 119,321,599 | (49,074,340) |
| Income tax expense | | | |
| Current Tax | | | |
| Deferred Tax | | (9,755,240) | |
| Previous Year Tax | | | |
| MAT Credit Entitlemenmt | | | |
| Total Tax Expense | | (9,755,240) | - |
| Total Profit/(Loss) for the period | | 129,076,839 | (49,074,340) |
| Other Comprehensive income | | | |
| (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or lo | | | |
| (a) Remeasurement of the defined benefit (liabilities) | / assets | | |
| Total Comprehensive Income/(loss) for the year | | 129,076,839 | (49,074,340) |
| Profit per share after tax | 29 | | |
| Basic | | 87 | (33) |
| Diluted | | 87 | (33) |
| Summary of significant accounting policies | 3 | | |

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

For Subhash C. Gupta & Co.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Chartered Accountants

Siti Vision Digital Media Private Limited

(Manoj Kumar) Partner

M. No. FCA - 504435 Place : New Delhi

Date :

Director

Sanjay My

DHN 08 100962

Vijay kalur

CASH FLOW STATEMENT 2017-2018

| PARTICULARS | Year ended March 31,2018 | Year ended March 31,2017 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Amount in Rs. | Amount in Rs. |
| A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net Income / (Loss) before Tax | 119,321,599 | (27,040,942) |
| Adjustments for : | | |
| Depreciation | 103,960,897 | 81,356,543 |
| Loss(profit) on sale /disposal of assets | ^ | - |
| Provision for Doubtful Debts | - | - |
| Interest Expense | • | ā |
| Income Tax paid | 9,755,240 | |
| Provision for Taxation including Deferred Tax | - | - |
| Prior period Adjustment | ٦ | - |
| comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings | (614,575) | - |
| Operating Profit before working capital changes | 232,423,161 | 54,315,601 |
| (Increase) in Trade Receivables | (119,054,894) | 23,972,844 |
| Decrease(Increase) in Long Terms L&A and Other non current assets | 64,795 | (725,000) |
| Decrease(Increase) in Short Terms L&A and Other current assets | (98,344,051) | (592,312) |
| Increase(Decrease) in Long Terms liabilities and provisions | (8,557,861) | (11,001,872) |
| Current Liabilities and Provisions | 104,165,352 | 1,896,591 |
| Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities | 110,696,503 | 67,865,852 |
| B CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Purchase of Fixed Assets | (176,213,834) | (98,937,730) |
| Capital Work in progress | 22,557,272 | , , , , |
| sale of Fixed Assets | 216,624 | |
| Net Cash utilised in Investing Activities | (153,439,938) | (98,937,730) |
| C CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid (Net) | | |
| Proceeds from Long Term borrowings Proceeds from Share Application Money Proceeds from Issue of Share Capital | 30,464,260 | 13,013,000 |
| Net Cash provided by Financing Activities | 30,464,260.00 | 13,013,000 |
| The same of the sa | 30,404,200.00 | 13,013,000 |
| Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year | (12,279,175) | (18,058,878) |
| cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 24,157,635 | 42,216,513 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of the Year | 11,878,460 | 24,157,635 |
| Note: | | |
| Component of Cash & cash Equivalents at the end of year | | |
| Cash in hand | 1,179,583 | 5,922,338 |
| Cheques in hand | 1,359,070 | 16,284,984 |
| Balances with Scheduled Banks in Current Accounts | 9,139,807 | 1,750,312 |
| | | |
| FDR's with Bank | 200,000 | 200,000 |

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Siti Vision Digital Media Private Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended Mar 31, 2018

| 6 | Loans | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
|---|--|-------------|----------------|
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Security deposits Unsecured, considered good Doubtful | 797,205 | 862,000 |
| | Doubttui | 797,205 | 862,000 |
| | Less: Provision for doubtful security deposits | • | - |
| | | 797,205 | 862,000 |
| 7 | Trade receivables | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Unsecured, considered good | 287,524,546 | 177,437,106 |
| | Unsecured, considered doubtful | 8,967,453 | • • |
| | | 296,491,999 | 177,437,106 |
| | Less: Provision for doubtful debts | 8,967,453 | 8,967,453 |
| | | 287,524,546 | 168,469,653 |
| | Other receivables | | |
| | Unsecured, considered good | | |
| | | 287,524,546 | 168,469,653 |
| 8 | Cash and bank balances | Current | Current |
| | | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| | Cash on hand | 1,179,583 | 5,922,338 |
| | Cheques on hand | 1,359,070 | 16,284,984 |
| | Balances with banks | | |
| | On current accounts | 9,139,807 | 1,750,312 |
| | In deposit account (with maturity upto three months) | | - |
| | Fixed Deposit | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| | | 11,878,460 | 24,157,634 |
| 9 | Loans and advances | Short-term | Short-term |
| | | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Advances to related parties unsecured, considered good | | |

Advances recoverable in cash or kind

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| | Unbilled | 74,870,468 | |
|----|--|---|---|
| | Other advances | | 64,93 |
| | Advance to staff | 153,073 | 10,300 |
| | Advance Direct Tax | 8,647,006 | 3,731,284 |
| | Advance Indirect Tax | 3,997,023 | 21,738,860 |
| | GST Input | 2,287,467 | |
| | MAT Credit | 9,346,523 | 9,346,523 |
| | Prepaid Expenses | 34,011 | 38,682 |
| | | 99,335,571 | 34,930,580 |
| | | 99,335,571 | 34,930,580 |
| 10 | Others - unbilled revenue and interest accrued on fix | Non-current | Non-current |
| | omers anomed revenue and interest accrued on in_ | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | Others | Rs. | Rs. |
| | | | |
| | Interest accrued and not due on fixed deposits | 44.404.600 | مديد شدوريس |
| | Unbilled revenue | 41,104,629 | 7,165,569 |
| | _ | 41,104,629 | 7,165,569 |
| 11 | Other Current Assets | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Advance to Suppliers | - | |
| | Recoverable from others | - | <u></u> |
| | | - | - |
| 12 | Share capital | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Authorised share capital | | ***** |
| | 1500000 (Previous year: 1500000) equity shares of `10 | 15,000,000 | 15,000,000 |
| | Total authorised capital | 15,000,000 | 15,000,000 |
| | Issued Subsarihad and Daid un | | |
| | Issued, Subscribed and Paid up 1477621 (Previous year: 1477621) equity shares of | | |
| | 14/7021 (Frevious year: 14/7021) equity snares of | 14 77 (040 | 44 88 000 |
| | Total paid up capital | 14,776,210 | 14,776,210 |
| | | 14,776,210 | 14,776,210 |
| | Forfeited equity shares | 14,776,210 | 14,776,210 |
| | MARK | | 2.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| 13 | Other Equity | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | _ | Rs. | Rs. |
| | | | |
| | Vatainad Kaminga | | |
| | Retained Earnings | /201 OFF 10T | /5== = |
| | Balance at the beginning of the year | (324,857,435) | (275,783,095) |
| | Balance at the beginning of the year Prior Period Adjustment | | - |
| | Balance at the beginning of the year | (324,857,435) 129,076,839 (195,780,596) | (275,783,095) - (49,074,340) (324,857,435) |

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| | Other Comprehensive income | | |
|----|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Other comprehensive income recognised | | |
| | directly in retained earnings | | |
| | Deferred Activation Revenue | | |
| | Gratuity/Leave Encashment | (614,575) | |
| | Balances as at the end of the year (B) | (614,575) | _ |
| | Securities premium account | | |
| | Balance at the beginning of the year | 146,762,100 | 146,762,100 |
| | Add: Received on issue of equity shares on conversion of Warrants and OFCDs (refer note 4(f)) | | |
| | Less: Adjustment of expenses incurred on issue | of equity shares | - |
| | Balances as at the end of the year (C) | 146,762,100 | 146,762,100 |
| | Balances as at the end of the year (A+B+C) | (49,633,071) | (178,095,335) |
| 14 | Long-term borrowings | | |
| | | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Unsecured and unconfirmed | | |
| | Loans and advances from Directors/related parties | 29,815,620 | 29,700,620 |
| | Loans and advances from others | 145,978,742 | 115,629,482 |
| | | 175,794,362 | 145,330,102 |
| | The above amount includes | | |
| | Secured borrowings | 175,794,362 | 145,330,102 |
| | Unsecured borrowings | | |
| | Net amount | 175,794,362 | 145,330,102 |
| 15 | Provisions | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| 13 | Frovisions | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Provision for employee benefits | | 175. |
| | Provision for gratuity | 2 102 204 | 1,870,468 |
| | Provision for Leave Encashment | 3,103,394 | · |
| | 1 tovision for Leave Encashment | 293,563 3,396,957 | 329,110 2,199,578 |
| | | 3,370,737 | 2,199,578 |
| 16 | Deferred tax liability (net) | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| 10 | Deterred tax habinity (net) | Rs. | Rs. |
| | | 17.5. | 115. |
| | Deferred tax liability(Net) | (7,704,379) | 2,050,861 |
| | | (7,704,379) | 2,050,861 |
| 17 | Other non-current liabilities | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |

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| | | Rs. | Rs. |
|----|--|-------------|----------------|
| | Deposit from operators | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| | Deferred Activation Income | 13,518,081 | 13,518,081 |
| | Advane from holding company | 84,811,000 | 84,811,000 |
| | 3 1 ·····y | 98,529,081 | 98,529,081 |
| 18 | Trade payables | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | - Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and | | |
| | - Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | 612,493,638 | 542,323,396 |
| | | 612,493,638 | 542,323,396 |
| 19 | Other financial liabilities | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Book overdraft | 33,236,905 | 3,934,197 |
| | | 33,236,905 | 3,934,197 |
| 20 | Other Current Liabilities | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Income received in advance | 13,927,530 | 9,700,702 |
| | Advances from customers | 21,642,039 | 4,211,828 |
| | Advance from others | 465,003 | 1,039,589 |
| | Credit balance of Staff | 1,258,004 | 1,249,859 |
| | Service tax payable | | 630,067 |
| | GST Payable | 31,500 | |
| | Professional tax payable | 7,050 | 8,150 |
| | Provident fund/ESI payable | 268,039 | 270,898 |
| | Entertainment tax payable | - | 199,335 |
| | Deferred Activation Income | 11,016,699 | 28,161,246 |
| | TDS Payable | 3,668,130 | 2,119,918 |
| | | 52,283,994 | 47,591,591 |
| 21 | Provisions | Mar 31,2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. |
| | Provision for Taxation A/c | | |
| | Expense Payable | - | - |
| | Audit Fees Payable | | |
| | | 344 | - |

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SITI VISION DIGITAL MEDIA PVT LTD., Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended Mar 31, 2018

| Richard Rich | 22 | Revenue from operations | Un Audited Mar 31 2018 | Un Audited March 31, 2017 |
|--|----|---|---|--|
| Sale of services 412,502,790 149,322,974 Advertisement income 6,544,706 8,438,259 Carriage income 137,776,500 135,027,664 Other operating revenue 1,438,752 946,816 Other networking and management income 1,438,752 946,816 S58,262,808 293,735,733 23 Other income Mar 31 2018 March 31,2017 Rs. Rs. Rs. 1 Interest income on Rs. Rs. Bank deposits - 849,190 Set Boxes repair & maintenance charges - 849,190 Others - 849,190 Set Boxes repair & maintenance charges - - Other non-operating income - - Excess provisions written back 418 80,648 Sundry balance w/off 448 80,648 Pay Charnel Subscription 258,933,384 211,467,272 25 Employee benefits expense Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Salaries, allowances and bonus 25,832,307 | | | | |
| Advertisement income | | Sale of services | | |
| Advertisement income | | Digital Revenue | 412,502,790 | 149.322.974 |
| Carriage income | | Advertisement income | | |
| Other networking and management income 1,438,75 946,816 Other networking and management income 1,438,75 558,262,808 293,735,713 23 Other income Rs. Rs. Bank deposits | | Carriage income | | |
| Other networking and management income 1,438,752 (20,808) (203,735,713) 946,816 (558,262,808) (203,735,713) 23 Other income Mar 31 2018 (Rs.) March 31, 2017 (Rs.) Bank deposits | | Other operating revenue | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | , ., |
| Start Star | | | 1,438,752 | 946,816 |
| Nar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. | | | *************************************** | |
| Rs. Rs. | | | <u></u> | ······································ |
| Rs. Rs. | 23 | Other income | Mar 31 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Bank deposits | | | | |
| Others 4849,190 Set Boxes repair & maintenance charges - Other non-operating income - Excess provisions written back - Sundry balance w/off 148 800,648 148 148 800,648 24 Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. Rs. Pay Channel Subscription 258,933,384 211,467,272 25 Employee benefits expense Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Salaries, allowances and bonus 258,933,384 211,467,272 Contributions to provident and other funds 1,337,777 1,936,702.00 Contributions to provident and other funds 1,337,777 1,936,702.00 Employee Insurance expenses (1,407,387) 1,461,420.00 Staff welfare expenses 2,225,958 1,800.00 Leave Encashment and Gratuity 1,228,562 88,566.00 Employee Insurance expenses Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,109 291,409.00 Interest/late fee on servic | | Interest income on | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Others 4849,190 Set Boxes repair & maintenance charges - Other non-operating income - Excess provisions written back - Sundry balance w/off 148 800,648 148 148 800,648 24 Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. Rs. Pay Channel Subscription 258,933,384 211,467,272 25 Employee benefits expense Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Salaries, allowances and bonus 258,933,384 211,467,272 Contributions to provident and other funds 1,337,777 1,936,702.00 Contributions to provident and other funds 1,337,777 1,936,702.00 Employee Insurance expenses (1,407,387) 1,461,420.00 Staff welfare expenses 2,225,958 1,800.00 Leave Encashment and Gratuity 1,228,562 88,566.00 Employee Insurance expenses Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,109 291,409.00 Interest/late fee on servic | | Bank deposits | * | |
| Set Boxes repair & maintenance charges Other non-operating income -< | | | ** | 849.190 |
| Other non-operating income | | Set Boxes repair & maintenance charges | ₩. | , |
| Excess provisions written back 148 800,648 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 148 1,649,838 | | | ъ | - |
| 148 1,649,838 24 Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs Mar 31 2018 Rs. R | | | | _ |
| 148 1,649,838 1,649,838 24 Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs Rs. Rs. | | Sundry balance w/off | 148 | 800,648 |
| 24 Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs Mar 31 2018 Rs. March 31, 2017 Rs. Pay Channel Subscription 258,933,384 211,467,272 25 Employee benefits expense Mar 31 2018 Rs. March 31, 2017 Rs. Salaries, allowances and bonus 25,832,107 21,950,529.00 Contributions to provident and other funds 1,373,777 1,936,702.00 Employee Insurance expenses (1,407,387) 1,461,420.00 Staff welfare expenses 2,225,958 1,800.00 Leave Encashment and Gratuity 1,238,562 88,566.00 29,253,017 25,439,017 26 Finance costs Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges - 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 - | | · | 148 | |
| Pay Channel Subscription 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,932,107 2 | | | *************************************** | |
| Pay Channel Subscription 258,933,384 211,467,272 258,930,00 | 24 | Carriage sharing, pay channel and related costs | Mar 31 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| 258,933,384 211,467,272 | | | Rs. | Rs. |
| Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. | | Pay Channel Subscription | 258,933,384 | 211,467,272 |
| Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. | | | 250.022.204 | 244 465 252 |
| Rs. Rs. | | | 458,933,384 | 211,467,272 |
| Rs. Rs. | 25 | Employee benefits expense | Mar 31 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Contributions to provident and other funds 1,373,777 1,936,702.00 Employee Insurance expenses (1,407,387) 1,461,420.00 Staff welfare expenses 2,225,958 1,800.00 Leave Encashment and Gratuity 1,228,562 88,566.00 29,253,017 25,439,017 26 Finance costs Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 - | | • | Rs. | • |
| Contributions to provident and other funds 1,373,777 1,936,702.00 Employee Insurance expenses (1,407,387) 1,461,420.00 Staff welfare expenses 2,225,958 1,800.00 Leave Encashment and Gratuity 1,228,562 88,566.00 29,253,017 25,439,017 26 Finance costs Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 - | | Salaries, allowances and bonus | 25,832,107 | 21,950,529.00 |
| Employee Insurance expenses (1,407,387) 1,461,420.00 Staff welfare expenses 2,225,958 1,800.00 Leave Encashment and Gratuity 1,228,562 88,566.00 29,253,017 25,439,017 26 Finance costs Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges - 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 - | | Contributions to provident and other funds | 1,373,777 | |
| Staff welfare expenses 2,225,958 1,800.00 Leave Encashment and Gratuity 1,228,562 88,566.00 29,253,017 25,439,017 26 Finance costs Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges - 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | Employee Insurance expenses | (1,407,387) | |
| Leave Encashment and Gratuity 1,228,562 29,253,017 88,566.00 29,253,017 26 Finance costs Mar 31 2018 March 31, 2017 Rs. Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges - 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | Staff welfare expenses | | |
| 29,253,017 25,439,017 | | Leave Encashment and Gratuity | | 88,566.00 |
| Rs. Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges - 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | | 29,253,017 | |
| Rs. Rs. Rs. Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges - 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | | | |
| Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS 353,190 291,409.00 Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges - 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 | 26 | Finance costs | Mar 31 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Interest on Income tax - 28,360.00 Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges - 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | | Rs. | Rs. |
| Bank charges 302,797 200,088.00 BG Charges 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | Interest/late fee on service tax/TDS | 353,190 | 291,409.00 |
| BG Charges 1,956.00 Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | Interest on Income tax | - | |
| Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | Bank charges | 302,797 | 200,088.00 |
| Interest on LC 9,403,399 | | BG Charges | | 1,956.00 |
| 10,059,386 521,813.00 | | Interest on LC | 9,403,399 | |
| | | | 10,059,386 | 521,813.00 |

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended Mar 31, 2018

| 27 Depreciation and amortisation expenses | Mar 31 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
|---|-------------|----------------|
| | Rs. | Rs. |
| Depreciation of tangible assets | 100,957,322 | 81,356,543 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 3,003,575 | |
| | 103,960,897 | 81,356,543 |
| 28 Other expenses | Mar 31 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| n | Rs. | Rs. |
| Rent | 3,782,966 | 3,409,980 |
| Office Expenses | 647,455 | 478,378 |
| Rates & Taxes | 103,723 | 17,237 |
| Communication expenses | 510,951 | 495,036 |
| Repairs and maintenance | | - |
| - Network | 10,170,997 | 10,255,526 |
| - Building | | 3,000 |
| - Others | 885,198 | 472,388 |
| Electricity and water charges | 3,517,781 | 2,686,032 |
| Legal, professional and consultancy charges | 802,782 | 1,267,134 |
| Travelling and conveyance expenses | 2,174,428 | 1,908,851 |
| Printing & Stationery | 135,192 | 151,312 |
| Auditor's Remuneration | 45,000 | 45,000 |
| ROC Filing Fees | 22,650 | - |
| Books & periodicals | 26,797 | 27,800 |
| Security charges and house keeping charges | 355,136 | 173,768 |
| Provision for doubtful debts** | n | • |
| Vehicle expenses | 124,266 | 117,913 |
| Loss on sale of assets | 17,810 | in . |
| Festival Celebration | 77,593 | 67,849 |
| Swachh Bharat Cess Expenses | 318,287 | 1,089,890 |
| Commission charges and incentives | 265,000 | 487,951 |
| Business & Sales Promotion | 142,409 | 362,113 |
| Guest House Expenses | (443,546) | 443,546 |
| Labour Charges | (4,350) | 4,350 |
| Loading & Unloading expenses | (144,728) | 144,728 |
| Postage & Courier | (30,724) | 30,724 |
| Distributor commission | 4,500,000 | |
| Other Operational cost | 1,069,515 | 1,344,474 |
| VC Card Maintinence charges | _ | 182,179 |
| SMS Usage charges | 7,661,888 | , |
| Freight charges | 200 | 8,087 |
| | 36,734,674 | 25,675,246 |
| *Auditors' remuneration | | |
| as an auditor | | 10.000 |
| | | 40,000 |
| Limited review fees | | |
| for other services (certifications) for reimbursement of expenses | | 5,000 |
| tor remoundement or expenses | | 45,000 |

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended Mar 31, 2018

| 29 Earnings per share | | |
|--|-------------|----------------|
| | Mar 31 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| | Rs. | Rs. |
| Profit attributable to equity shareholders | 129,076,839 | (49,074,340) |
| Number of weighted average equity shares | | |
| Basic | 1,477,621 | 1,477,621 |
| Diluted | 1,477,621 | 1,477,621 |
| Nominal value of per equity share (`) | 10 | 10 |
| Loss per share fter tax (`) | | |
| Basic | 87 | (33) |
| Diluted | 87 | (33) |
| | | |

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SITI VISION DIGITAL MEDIA PVT L'ID.,

| Tangible assets | | | Auton na unc | A THE TOTAL AND THE STAND STANDS | | | | | | Rs. |
|---|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Gross block | Plant and equipment | Computers | Office equipment | Furniture and fixtures | Air conditioners | Studio equipment | Vehicles | Electrical Equipments | Set top boxes | Total |
| Balance as at April 1, 2015 Additions | 108,454,777 907,006 | 226,350 | 2,045,681 17,990 | 498,688 | 944,032 | 2,849,883 | 559,312 | 312,600 | 400,596,748 82,754,982 | 516,488,071 83,794,278 |
| Balance as at March 31, 2016 | 109,361,783 | 226,350 | 2,063,671 | 498,688 | 986,532 | 2,921,683 | 559,312 | 312,600 | 483,351,730 | 600,282,349 |
| Additions Disposal | 1,351,065 | 143,000 | 49,555 | 000'96 | | | | | 94,183,572 | 95,823,192 |
| Balance as at March 31, 2017 | 110,712,848 | 369,350 | 2,113,226 | 594,688 | 986,532 | 2,921,683 | 559,312 | 312,600 | 577,535,302 | 696,105,541 |
| Additions Disposal | 1,141,600 | 464,486 | 22,865 | 50,098 | | | 234 434 | , | 174,383,971 | 176,063,020 |
| Balance as at Mar 31, 2018 | 111,854,448 | 833,836 | 2,136,091 | 644,786 | 986,532 | 2,921,683 | 324,878 | 312,600 | 751,919,273 | 871,934,127 |
| Balance as at April 1, 2015 Charge for the vear | 53,305,841 | 125,776 | 1,507,730 | 158,708 | 533,696 | 719,583 | 246,852 | 79,008 | 89,632,761 | 146,309,955 |
| Reversal on disposal of assets Balance as at March 31, 2016 | 68,798,629 | 217,387 | 1,923,785 | 217,712 | 869,819 | 973,859 | 327,691 | 121,211 | 141,491,751 | 214,941,844 |
| Charge for the year Reversal on disposal of assets | 15,662,982 | 38,843 | 63,331 | 64,882 | 82,736 | 255,333 | 80,839 | 42,204 | 62,061,818 | 78,352,968 |
| Balance as at March 31, 2017 | 84,461,611 | 256,230 | 1,987,116 | 282,594 | 952,555 | 1,229,192 | 408,530 | 163,415 | 203,553,569 | 293,294,812 |
| Charge for the year Reversal on disposal of assets | 15,816,700 | 79,100 | 59,576 | 70,740 | 8,500 | 255,333 | 55,005 | 42,203.00 | 84,570,165 | 100,957,322 |
| Balance as at Mar 31 2018 | 100,278,311 | 335,330 | 2,046,692 | 353,334 | 961,055 | 1,484,525 | 294,911 | 205,618 | 288,123,734 | 394,083,510 |
| Net block Balance as at March 31, 2016 | 40,563,154 | 8,963 | 139,886 | 280,976 | 116,713 | 1,947,824 | 231,621 | 191,389 | 341,859,979 | 385,340,505 |
| Balance as at March 31, 2017 | 26,251,237 | 113,120 | 126,110 | 312,094 | 33,977 | 1,692,491 | 150,782 | 149,185 | 373,981,733 | 402,810,729 |
| Balance as at Mar 31, 2018 | 11,576,137 | 498,506 | 89,399 | 291,452 | 25,477 | 1,437,158 | 29,967 | 106,982 | 463,795,539 | 477,850,617 |

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31 2018

| | (Rs |
|---------------|---|
| Software | Tota |
| 8,354,207.00 | 8,354,207.00 |
| 9,667,245.00 | 9,667,245.00 |
| 18,021,452.00 | 18,021,452.00 |
| | n. |
| 18,021,452.00 | 18,021,452.00 |
| - | = |
| 18,021,452.00 | 18,021,452.00 |
| | |
| 639,077.00 | 639,077.00 |
| 1,396,782.00 | 1,396,782.00 |
| 2,035,859.00 | 2,035,859.00 |
| 3,003,575.00 | 3,003,575.00 |
| 5,039,434.00 | 5,039,434.00 |
| 3,003,575.00 | 3,003,575.00 |
| 8,043,009.00 | 8,043,009.00 |
| | |
| 15,985,593.00 | 15,985,593.00 |
| 12,982,018.00 | 12,982,018.00 |
| | |
| | 8,354,207.00 9,667,245.00 18,021,452.00 18,021,452.00 18,021,452.00 639,077.00 1,396,782.00 2,035,859.00 3,003,575.00 5,039,434.00 3,003,575.00 8,043,009.00 |

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Note: 1 Company Overview and Significant Accounting Policies

1.1 Company Overview

Siti Vision Digital Media Pvt. Ltd was incorporated in the state of Telangana, India. The Company is engaged in distribution of television channels through analogue and digital cable distribution network and allied services.

b. Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on going concern basis in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values as per the provisions of the Companies Act. 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements which comply with Ind AS applicable for periods ending on 31 March 2018, together with the comparative period as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in

Summary of Accounting Policies

Use of estimate a.

The preparation of Company's standalone financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

Foreign Currency Translation b.

Functional and presentation currency

The standalone financial statements are presented in currency INR, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate).

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the remeasurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at year-end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at year-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

Revenue recognition

- i.) Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and it can be reliably measured.
- ii.) Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received/receivable net of rebates and taxes. The Company applies the revenue recognition criteria to each separately identifiable component of the sales transaction as set out below.

Revenue from rendering of Services

Subscription income is recognised on completion of services and when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived.

Other networking and management income and carriage income are recognised on accrual basis over the terms of related agreements and when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived. Carriage revenue recognition is done basis negotiations/formal agreement with broadcasters.

Advertisement income is recognised when the related advertisement gets telecasted and when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived. Other advertisement revenue for slot sale is recognised on period basis,

Activation and set top boxes pairing charges are recognised as revenue to the extent it relates to pairing and transfer of the related boxes and when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived and the upfront obligation is discharged. Where part of the revenues collected at the time of activation relates to future services to be provided by the Company, a part of activation revenue is deferred and recognized over the associated service contract period or customer life anyon him

d. **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. Capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended in the period during which the active development is delayed due to, other than temporary, interruption. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

e. Property, Plant and Equipment

Recognition and initial measurement

Properties plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price (net of CENVAT Credit availed), borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Set top boxes are treated as part of capital work in progress till at the end of the month of activation thereof.

f. Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

i.) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on the straight-line method, computed on the basis of useful lives prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

| Type of assets | Useful Life (Years) |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Computer | 3.00 |
| Office Equipments | 5.00 |
| Electrical Equipments | 5.00 |
| Studio Equipments | 13.00 |
| Furniture & Fixtures | 10.00 |
| Set Top Boxes | 8.00 |
| Vehicles | 8 to 10 |

- ii.) Leasehold Improvements is amortised over the effective period of lease.
- iii.) The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the ner disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

g. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are stated at their cost of acquisition.

Subsequent measurement (Amortisation)

Cost of Intangible Assets are amortised under straight line method over the period of life.

h. Impairment of non-financial Assets

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

If at the reporting date, there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciated historical cost and the same is accordingly reversed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

i. Investments and Other Financial Assets Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

All other debt instruments are measured are Fair Value through other comprehensive income or Fair value through profit and loss based on Company's business model.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for Financial Assets.

Post-employment, long term and short term employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

Provident Fund

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Gramity (Funded)

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the statement of other comprehensive income in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

Other Employee Benefits

Compensated absences

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the pr date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the Balance Sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged to statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

k. Taxation on Income

Tax expense recognised in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax not recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Calculation of current tax is based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred income taxes are calculated using the liability method.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss or deductible temporary difference will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Company's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss or credit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised in full, although IAS 12 'Income Taxes' specifies limited exemptions. As a result of these exemptions the Company does not recognise deferred tax on temporary differences relating to goodwill, or to its investments in subsidiaries.

1. Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent Assets are disclosed when probable and recognised when realization of income is virtually certain.

m. Earning Per Share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

n. Leases

Finance leases

Finance leases, which effectively transfer to the lessee substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the lower of the fair value and present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term and disclosed as leased assets. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability based on the implicit rate of return. Finance charges are charged directly against income. Lease management fees, legal charges and other initial direct costs are capitalized.

Operating leases

Where the Company is a lessee, payments on operating lease agreements are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. Associated costs, such as maintenance and insurance, are expensed as incurred.

Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP in India which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income & expenses during the periods. Although these estimates and assumptions used in accompanying Financial Statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of date of Financial Statements which in management's opinion are prudent and reasonable, actual results may differ from estimates andassumptions used in preparing accompanying Financial Statements. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively from the period in which results are known/materialise in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below.

Significant Management Judgements

The following are significant management judgements in applying the Accounting Policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on the Financial Statements.

Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets - The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Evaluation of indicators for Impairment of Assets – The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Property, Plant and Equipment - Management assess the remaining useful lives and residual value of property, Plant and Equipment and believes that the assigned useful lives and residual value are reasonable

Estimation Uncertainty-Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below.

o. Standards issued but not yet effective

Ind AS 21:

On March 28, 2018, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2018 containing Appendix B to Ind AS 21, Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration which clarifies the date of the transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income, when an entity has received or paid advance consideration in a foreign currency. The amendment will come into force from April 1, 2018.

Ind AS 115:

On March 28, 2018, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified the Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contract with Customers. The core principle of the new standard is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Further, the new standard requires enhanced disclosures about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts with customers.

The standard permits two possible methods of transition:

- Retrospective approach Under this approach the standard will be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in accordance with Ind AS 8- Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors:
- Retrospectively with cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized at the date of initial application (Cumulative catch up approach) The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 115 is financial periods beginning on or after April 1, 2018.

29 Segment Reporting

Segment Reporting as required by Accounting Standard -17 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India is not applicable since the Company is in the business of providing Cable TV Services in one segment, and there is no Geographical Segment.

30 Related Parties Disclosure:

List of Parties where control exists

a Ultimate Holding Company

Siti Networks Limited (Formerly known as Siti Cable Networks Limited)

b Holding Company

Siti Networks Limited (Formerly known as Siti Cable Networks Limited)

c Fellow Subsidiary Companies

Indinet Service Pvt. Ltd. (100% Subsidiary of ICNCL)
SITI KARNAL DIGITAL MEDIA NETWORK PRIVATE LIMITED
Siri Prime Uttaranchal Communication Pvt. Ltd.
Central Bombay Cable Network Limited.
Panchsheel Digital Communication Network Pvt. Ltd.
Master Channel Community Network Pvt. Ltd.
Siri Jai Maa Durge Communications Pvt. Ltd.
Siri Bhatia Network Entertainment Private Limited
Siri Krishna Digital Media Private Limited
Siri Jony Digital Cable Network Private Limited
Siri Guntur Digital Network Private Limited
Siri Guntur Digital Network Private Limited

d Key Managerial Personnel

Kancherla Siva Rama Krishna Jogi Gopala Rao Suresh Kumar Nikesh Goyal SITI GLOBAL PVT. LTD.
Indian Cable Net Company Ltd.
Siti Jind Digital Network Pvt. Ltd.
Siti Vroadband Services Pvt. Ltd.
Sai Star Digital Media Pvt. Ltd.
Siti Godaari Digital Services Pvt. Ltd.
Variety Entertainment Pvt. Ltd.
Siti Siri Digital Network Pvt. Ltd.
Siti Faction Digital Private Limited
Siticable Broadband South Ltd.
Wire & Wireless Tisai Satellite Ltd.

Sanjay Berry Vinay Chandok Anil Kumar Jain

Other Related Parties

Janjan



| M S E Swamy Shivam Infomedia & ENT P Ltd Squant Communication Pvt Ltd Subham Telecom Pvt Ltd Vainavi Communication Sitivision Aads Pvt Ltd Viswanth Traders | |
|--|---|
| 2018 95,658,828 34,679,066 4,035,612 - 40,265,313 | 2017 103,995,936 - 20,320,085 121,289 - - |
| 2018 3,600,000 282,282 540,000 3,000,000 2,885,000 | 2017 3,600,000 689,997 540,000 7,500,000 9,577,000 |
| 360,000 9,600,000 - 39,431,060 9,081,800 2,596,195 | 9,600,000 |
| 283,199,604 84,811,000 1,985,940 - 4,709,899 6,172,052 3,568,000 2,475,645 3,290,594 (283,293) 6,000,000 35,262,542 18,083,458 26,297,520 | 241,245,404 84,811,000 1,985,940 4,709,899 2,761,052 2,475,645 3,290,594 1,781,998 5,000,000 24,209,942 18,083,458 26,182,520 |
| | Shivam Infomedia & ENT P Ltd Squant Communication Pvt Ltd Subham Telecom Pvt Ltd Vainavi Communication Sitivision Aads Pvt Ltd Viswanth Traders 2018 95,658,828 34,679,066 4,035,612 40,265,313 - 2018 3,600,000 282,282 540,000 3,000,000 2,885,000 360,000 9,600,000 - 39,431,060 9,081,800 2,596,195 283,199,604 84,811,000 1,985,940 4,709,899 6,172,052 3,568,000 2,475,645 3,290,594 (283,293) 6,000,000 35,262,542 18,083,458 |

Amount Payable to

James James

| Mr. K Siva Rama Krishna | 454,306 | 881,159 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Siti Cable Network Limited | 3,632,051 | - |
| Mr. J Gopala Rao | 1,080,004 | 1,080,004 |
| Salaries payable to tech support | 2,699,879 | 2,489,549 |

32 Tax Expense

The major components of income tax for the

| • | 31-Mar-18 | 31-Mar-17 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Income tax related to items recognised | | |
| Current tax - current year | w. | ~ |
| Deferred tax charge / (benefit) | -9.76 | -3.08 |
| Total | -9.76 | -3.08 |
| Effective tax rate | -8.18% | 3.82% |
| A reconciliation of the income tax expense applicable to the profit before income tax a income tax expense at the Company's effective income tax rate for the year ended 31 March, 2017 is as follows: | | |
| Loss before tax | 119.32 | -80.48 |
| Effective tax rate | 30.90% | 30.90% |
| Tax at statutory income tax rate | | 33.7070 |
| Tax effect on non-deductible expenses | | |
| Additional allowances for tax purposes | | |
| Effect of tax on group companies incurring | | |
| losses | | |
| Effect of tax rate difference of subsidiaries | | |
| Other permanent difference | -9.76 | -3.08 |
| Tax expense recognised in the statement | -9.76 | -3.08 |

33 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's primary risk management focus is to minimize potential adverse effects of market risk on its financial performance. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's risk assessment and management policies and processes

a. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful debts and impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments.

(i)Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major customers.

(ii) Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's assessment of credit risk about particular financial institution. None of the Company's cash equivalents, including term deposits (i.e., certificates of deposit) with banks, were past due or impaired as at 31 March 2018.

b. Liquidity risk

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Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

Amounts in Rs

| Particulars | Less than 1 year | 1-5 year | Total |
|----------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Borrowings | - | 260,605,362 | 260,605,362 |
| Trade payables | 612,493,638 | | 612,493,638 |

- 34 In view of the nature of business, where the necessary documentry evidence does not support the payment made/expenses incurred, the same are accounted for on the basis of certification of the Management.
- 35 The company has calculated the benefits provided to employees as per accounting standards 15, are as under

Defined Benefit Plans

- a.) Gratuity Plan
- b.) Leave Encashment

In accordance with Accounting Standards 15 (Revised), the acturial valuation carried out in respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plans is based on the following assumption.

| Acturial Assumption | Leave Encashment | Employee Gratuity Fund |
|--|------------------|-------------------------------|
| Discount Rate (Per annum) | 7.75% | 6 7.75% |
| Rate of Increase in compensation levels | 6.00% | 6 5.00% |
| Expected Rate of return on plan assets | - | <u>.</u> |
| Expected Average remaining working lives of employees (years) | 22.60 | 22.60 |
| Change in obligation during the year ended 31st March, 2018 | | |
| Present Value of obligation as at 1st April, 2017 | 329,110.00 | 1,870,468.00 |
| Acquisition adjustment | , <u>.</u> | - |
| Interest cost | 25,336.00 | 196,747.00 |
| Past service cost | (2,193.00 | |
| Current service cost | 69,096.00 | • |
| Curtailment cost/(Credit) | _ | ** |
| Settlement cost/(Credit) | | - |
| Benefits paid | - | - |
| Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation | (127,786.00 |) (142,151.00) |
| Present value of obligation as at the end of period (31st March, 2018) | | , |
| | 293,563.00 | 3,103,394.00 |
| Change in fair value plan Assets | Nil | Nil |
| Movement in the liability recognized in the Balance Sheet | | |
| Opening net liability (01.04.2017) | (329,110) |) (1,870,468) |
| Expense as above | (35,547 | |
| Benefits paid | - | |
| Actual return on plan assets | · | |
| Acquisition adjustment | - | |
| Net assets/(Liability) recognised in Balance Sheet as provision (31.03.2018) | | |
| | (293,563) | (3,103,394) |
| Expenses recognised in Profit and Loss Account | | |
| Current service cost | 69,096 | 510,127 |
| Past service cost | , | · , - - · · |
| Interest cost | 25,336 | 196,747 |

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| Expected return on plan assets | - | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Curtailment cost / (Credit) | | - |
| Settlement cost / (credit) | - | - |
| Expenses recognized in the statement of profit & losses | 94,432 | 706,874 |
| | | |
| Other Comprehensive (income) / expenses (Remeasurement) | | |
| Actuarial (gain)/loss - obligation | (127,786) | (142,151) |
| Actuarial (gain)/loss - plan assets | | |
| Total Actuarial (gain)/loss | (127,786) | (142,151) |
| | | , , , |

Acturial Assumption.

The discount rate is generally based upon the market yellds available on Government Bonds and salary growth rate takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors on long term basis.

Janjay Murit

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

36 Fair value measurements

| Δ. | Finan | cial | instruments | l.v | categors | |
|----|-------|------|-------------|-----|----------|--|

| | 31-7 | 1ar-18 |
|--|-------------|----------------|
| | FVTPL | Amortised cost |
| Financial assets | | |
| Security deposits | 797,205 | 797,205 |
| Amount recoverable | 24,465,103 | 24,465,103 |
| Unbilled revenues | 115,975,097 | 115,975,097 |
| Trade receivables | 287,524,546 | 287,524,546 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 11,878,460 | 11,878,460 |
| Total financial assets | 440,640,411 | 440,640,411 |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Borrowings (non-current,financial liabilities) | 175,794,362 | 175,794,362 |
| Trade payables | 612,493,638 | 612,493,638 |
| Other financial liabilities (current) | 33,236,905 | 33,236,905 |
| Total financial liabilities | 821,524,905 | 821,524,905 |
| | 31-1 | far-17 |
| | FVTPL | Amortised cost |
| Financial assets | | |
| Security deposits | 862,000 | 862,000 |
| Amount recoverable | 34,930,580 | 34,930,580 |
| Trade receivables | 168,469,653 | 168,469,653 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 24,157,634 | 24,157,634 |
| Unbilled revenues | 7,165,569 | 7,165,569 |
| Total financial assets | 235,585,435 | 235,585,435 |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Borrowings (non-current,financial liabilities) | 145,330,102 | 145,330,102 |
| Trade payables | 542,323,396 | 542,323,396 |
| Other financial liabilities (current) | 3,934,197 | 3,934,197 |
| Total financial liabilities | 691,587,695 | 691,587,695 |

B. Financial instruments measured at fair value

The following tables present financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. This hierarchy groups financial assets and liabilities into three levels based on the significance of inputs used in measuring the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or habilities;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level within which the financial asset or liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement.

The financial assets measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as on March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 as follows:

| 31-Mar-18 | Date of Valuation | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|--|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Invesment in optionally convertible debentures | At March 31, 2018 | v | | |
| | | | | |
| March 31, 2017 | Date of Valuation | Level I | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| March 31, 2017 Financial assets | | Level i | Level 2 | Level 3 |

| ssets and liabilities measured | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| | |

| | March 3 | 1, 2018 | March 3 | 1, 2017 |
|---|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Loans | 24,465,103 | 24,465,103 | 34,930,580 | 34,930,589 |
| Security deposits | 797,205 | 797,205 | 862,000 | 862,000 |
| Unbilled revenue | 115,975,097 | 115,975,097 | 7,165,569 | 7,165,569 |
| Trade receivables | 287,524,546 | 287,524,546 | 168,469,653 | 168,469,653 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 11,878,460 | 11,878,460 | 24,157,634 | 24,157,634 |
| Total financial assets | 440,640,411 | 440,640,411 | 235,585,435 | 235,585,435 |
| Financial liabilities | | - | | |
| Borrowings (non-current, financial liabilities) | 175,794,362 | 175,794,362 | 145,330,102 | 145,330,102 |
| Trade payables | 612,493,638 | 612,493,638 | 542,323,396 | 542,323,396 |
| Other financial liabilities (current) | 33,236,905 | 33,236,905 | 3,934,197 | 3,934,197 |
| Total financial liabilities | 821,524,905 | 821,524,905 | 691,587,695 | 691,587,695 |



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The main types of risks are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

The Company's risk management is coordinated in close co-operation with the board of directors, and focuses on securing Company's short to medium term cash flows.

This note explains the sources of risk which the Company is exposed to and how the Company manages the risk and the related impact in these standalone financial statements.

A. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Company causing financial loss. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial

A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date

B: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group

Basis of categorisation

Provision for expected credit loss

Low credit risk

Investment, Cash and ca equivalents, trade receivable and

cash 12 month expected credit loss

High credit risk

Trade receivables, security deposits Life time expected credit loss or fully provided for

and amount recoverable

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

| Credit rating | Particulars | 31-Mar-18 | 31-Mar-17 |
|---------------------|--|-------------|-------------|
| A: Low credit risk | Investment, Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets except security deposits and amount recoverable | 152,318,660 | 66,253,783 |
| B: High credit risk | Trade receivables, security deposits and amount recoverable | 288,321,751 | 169,331,653 |

Concentration of trade receivables

The Company has widespread customers and there is no concentration of trade receivables.

Credit risk exposure

Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets.

For the purpose of computation of expected credit loss, the Company has analysed the trend of provisions for doubtful debts created in earlier years. The average rate of provision has been computed based on the adjusted sales (excluding those where the Company does not have any historical provision) and provision for doubtful debtors created against those sales. Further, the Company has analysed expected credit loss seperately for carriage revenue customer and other than carriage revenue customer primarily because the characteristics and historical losses trend was different in these two streams. As per this methodology, the Company has determined the expected credit loss as 15.5% for customers other than carriage and 5.5% for carriage customers.

Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

as at March 31, 2018

| Ageing | Estimated gross carrying amount at default | Expected credit losses | Carrying amount net of impairment provision |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| Trade receivables | 296,491,999 | (8,967,453) | 287,524,546 |
| Security deposits | 797,205 | v- | 797,205 |
| Advances recoverable | 24,465,103 | | 24,465,103 |
| as at March 31, 2017 | | | |
| Ageing | Estimated gross carrying amount at default | Expected crean | Carrying amount net of impairment provision |
| Trade receivables | 177,437,106 | (8,967,453) | 168,469,653 |
| Security deposits | 862,000 | | 862,000.00 |
| Advances recoverable | 34,930,580 | | 34,930,580 |

Reconciliation of loss allowance provision - Trade receivable, security deposit and accounts receivable

Loss allowance on April 01, 2016

Changes in loss allowance

Loss allowance on March 31, 2017

Changes in loss allowance

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(8,967,453) (8,967,453)

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended March 31, 2018 Loss allowance on March 31, 2018

(8,967,453)

B.Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the Company's business activities may not be available.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Short term liquidity requirements comprises mainly of trade payables and employee dues arising during normal course of business as on each balance sheet date. Long- term liquidity requirement is assessed by the management on periodical basis and is managed through internal accurals and through funding commitments from shareholders. As at each statement of financial position date, the Company's liabilities having contractual maturities (including interest payments where applicable) are summarised as follows:

| March 31, 2018 | |
|--|---|
| Non-derivatives | |
| Trade payables 612,493,638 | |
| Total non-derivative liabilities 612,493,638 | |
| March 31, 2017 | |
| Non-derivatives | |
| Borrowings (non-current,financial liabilities) | |
| Borrowings (current,financial liabilities) | |
| Other financial liabilities | |
| Trade pavables 542,323,396 | |
| Total non-derivative liabilities 542,323,396 - | - |

38 Capital management

Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard continuity, maintain a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to shareholders through continuing growth. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous year. The Company sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments. The funding requirements are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation and other non-current borrowings. The Company's policy is to use current and non-current borrowings to meet anticipated funding requirements. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio which is not debt divided by total capital (equity plus not debt). The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. Not debt are non-current and current borrowings as reduced by cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and current investments. Equity comprises all components including other comprehensive income.

| Partícular | 31-Mar-18 | 31-Mar-17 |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 11) | 11,878,460 | 24,157,634 |
| Current investments (refer note 12) | | |
| Margin money (refer note 7) | | |
| Total cash (A) | 11,878,460 | 24,157,634 |
| Borrowings (non-current, financial habilities) (refer note 14) | 175,794,362 | 145,330,102 |
| Borrowings (current, financial liabilities) (refer note 20) | | |
| Current maturities of long-term borrowings (refer note 22) | | |
| Current maturities of finance lease obligations (refer note 22) | | |
| Total borrowing (B) | 175,794,362 | 145,330,102 |
| Net debt (C=B-A) | 163,915,902 | 121,172,468 |
| Total equity | (34,856,861) | (163,319,125) |
| Total capital (equity + net debts) (D) | 129,059,041 | (42,146,657) |
| Gearing ratio (C/D) | 1.27 | -2.88 |

39 Figures for the previous year have been regrouped / rearranged / recast whenever necessary to confirm for comparison purpose.

As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Siti Vision Digital Media Pvt. Ltd.

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